

Question 2		Answer	Marks
(a)	i)	Moles = $13000/44.1 = 295$	1
	ii)	Mass = $3 \times 295 \times 44.0 = 38900 \text{ g} = 38.9 \text{ kg}$ (accept 39 kg)	1
	iii)	Heat energy = $2220 \times 295 = 655000 \text{ kJ} = 655 \text{ MJ}$	1
	iv)	$1 \text{ mol s}^{-1} = 2220 \text{ kJ s}^{-1} = 2220 \text{ kW}$, so 15 kW $= 15/2220 \text{ mole s}^{-1} = 15 \times 24000/2220 = 162 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$	1
	v)	Still 140 psi (or 9.52 atm)	1
(b)	i)	Sensible bonding diagram with all single covalent bonds Accept a bond angle anything between $90^\circ - 105.5^\circ$	1 1
	ii)	Mass = $295 \times 0.02 \times 10^{-9} \times 62.1 = 0.000000366 \text{ g}$ $= 0.000366 \text{ mg}$ $= 3.66 \times 10^{-7} \text{ g}$ (accept 3.7 or $4.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ g}$)	1
(c)		$6000 \text{ m}^3 \text{ CH}_4 = 6000 \times 10^3 \text{ dm}^3 = 6000 \times 10^3 / 24 \text{ moles}$, so we get $6000 \times 10^3 / 24 \text{ moles CO}_2 = (6000 \times 10^3 / 24) \times 44 \text{ g CO}_2$ per hour. So in 16 days we get $(6000 \times 10^3 / 24) \times 44 \times 24 \times 16 = 4224 \times 10^6 \text{ g} = 4224 \text{ tonnes}$ (accept 4200 tonnes)	1