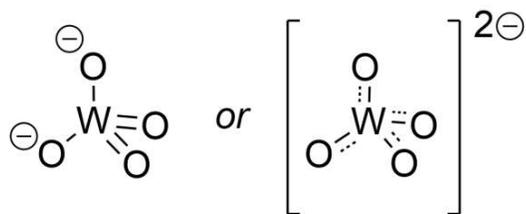


2. This question is about the chemistry of tungsten

(a)

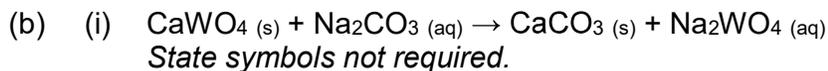


1/2

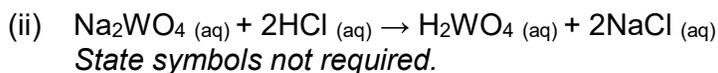
Bond Angle: 109.5°

1/2

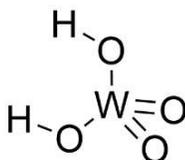
Must have attempted to draw a tetrahedral shape to be given credit, i.e. do not credit square planar structures.



1

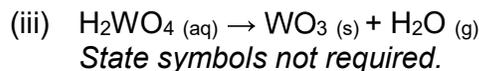


1

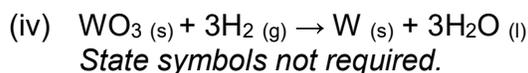


1

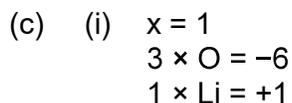
Correct 3D tetrahedral structure not required as long as connectivity and bonding are correct.



1



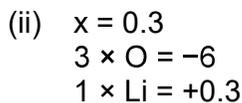
1



Therefore $\text{W} = +5$

Accept if 5 is written rather than +5.

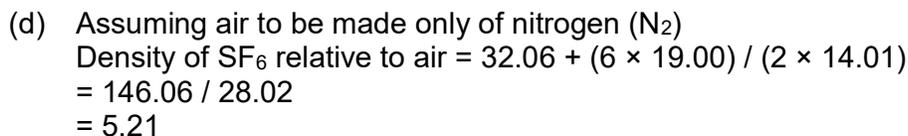
1



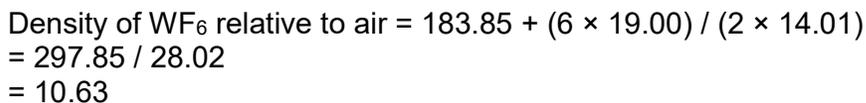
Therefore $\text{W} = +5.7$

Accept if 5.7 is written rather than +5.7.

1



1



1

- (e) $pV = nRT$
 1 mol of gas occupies: $V/n = RT/p$
 $= (8.314 \text{ J K mol}^{-1} \times 298 \text{ K}) / 100000 \text{ N m}^{-2}$
 $= 0.02476 \text{ m}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$
 $= 2.476 \times 10^4 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$
 Density of $\text{WF}_6 = 297.85 \text{ g mol}^{-1} / 2.476 \times 10^4 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$
 $= 0.0120 \text{ g cm}^{-3}$ 2
Give credit if they use 24 dm³ for 1 mol of gas as a known value at STP.
- (f) $\text{WF}_6 (\text{g}) + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} (\text{l}) \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{WO}_4 (\text{aq}) + 6\text{HF} (\text{aq})$ 1
 $\text{WF}_6 (\text{g}) + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} (\text{l}) \rightarrow \text{WO}_3 (\text{s}) + 6\text{HF} (\text{aq})$
Accept either. State symbols not required.
- (g) (i) Positive 1
This is because there are more moles of gas on the right than the left.
- (ii) $\Delta_r H^\circ = \Delta_f H^\circ (\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 (\text{g})) + 6 \times \Delta_f H^\circ (\text{HF} (\text{g})) - \Delta_f H^\circ (\text{SF}_6) - 4 \times \Delta_f H^\circ (\text{H}_2\text{O})$ 1
 $= -735 + (6 \times -273) - (-1210 + 4 \times -242) \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
 $= -195 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ 1
1 mark for correct expression if numerical calculation is done incorrectly. Correct answer scores full marks.
- (iii) **B** SF_6 is kinetically stable but thermodynamically unstable 1
- (h) Tungsten = 1 atom inside unit cell + 4 × atoms on face + 8 × atoms on corner
 $= 1 + (4 \times \frac{1}{2}) + (8 \times \frac{1}{8}) = \mathbf{4 \text{ atoms}}$ 1
- Calcium = 6 × atoms on face + 4 × atoms on edge
 $= (6 \times \frac{1}{2}) + (4 \times \frac{1}{4}) = \mathbf{4 \text{ atoms}}$ 1
- Oxygen = 16 × atoms inside unit cell
 $= \mathbf{16 \text{ atoms}}$ 1
- (i) Volume of Unit Cell = $0.524 \text{ nm} \times 0.524 \text{ nm} \times 1.137 \text{ nm}$
 $= 3.122 \times 10^{-28} \text{ m}^3 = 3.122 \times 10^{-22} \text{ cm}^3$
- Molar mass of $\text{CaWO}_4 = (40.08 + 183.85 + 4 \times 16.00) \text{ g mol}^{-1}$
 $= 287.93 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$
- Mass of one formula unit = $287.93 \text{ g mol}^{-1} / 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
 $= 4.783 \times 10^{-22} \text{ g}$ 1
- Mass of one unit cell
 $= 4 \times 4.783 \times 10^{-22} \text{ g} = 1.913 \times 10^{-21} \text{ g}$ 1
- Density = $1.913 \times 10^{-21} \text{ g} / 3.122 \times 10^{-22} \text{ cm}^3$
 $= 6.13 \text{ g cm}^{-3}$ 1
- 1 mark for calculation of mass of formula unit, 1 mark for four formula units per unit cell and 1 mark for answer. Correct answer scores full marks.*

Question Total 23